

Correction: Serre weights

$$\Gamma = GL_2(\mathbb{F}_q) \curvearrowright \text{Sym}^r(\mathbb{C}^2), \quad 0 \leq r \leq q-1$$

not always
irred. if $q > p$.

Instead

$$V_r := \langle \Gamma \cdot \chi^r \rangle \subset \text{Sym}^r(\mathbb{C}^2)$$

irred.

$$\left(\cong \bigotimes_{i=0}^{f-1} (\text{Sym}^{r_i}(\mathbb{C}^2))^{\psi^i} \right)$$

where $r = \sum_{i=0}^{f-1} r_i p^i$

Hecke algebras

C arb. field

$H \leq G$ cpt. open

V f.d. rep. of H (over C)

π smooth G -rep.

$$\Rightarrow \text{Hom}_H(V, \pi|_H)$$

$$= \text{Hom}_G(\underbrace{c\text{-Ind}_H^G V}_{\text{Hecke algebra}}, \pi)$$

$$\cong C[G] \otimes_{C[H]} (-)$$

↻ (right)

$$\mathcal{H}_G(V) = \text{End}_G(c\text{-ind}_H^G V)$$

Hecke
alg.

ring.

Lemma: \exists alg. isom.

$$\mathcal{H}_G(V) \cong \left\{ \varphi: G \rightarrow \text{End}_C(V) : \right.$$

$$\cdot \varphi(h_1 g h_2)$$

$$= h_1 \circ \varphi(g) \circ h_2$$

$$\forall h_i \in H, \\ g \in G.$$

$$\cdot \varphi \text{ cpt. supp. } \left. \vphantom{\varphi} \right\}$$

(under convo.)

Rk: If $V = \mathbb{1}$,

$$\text{Hom}_H(\mathbb{1}, \pi^{\mathbb{1}}) = \pi^H$$



$$\mathcal{H}_G(\mathbb{1})$$

||

$$\left\{ \varphi: H \backslash G / H \rightarrow \mathbb{C} \right\} \\ \text{finite supp.}$$

(double coset alg.)

Ideal Lemma:

$$\text{Hom}_{\text{End}_G} (\text{Ind}_H^G V, \text{c-Ind}_H^G V)$$

$$\stackrel{\text{Frob.}}{=} \text{Hom}_H (V, \text{c-Ind}_H^G V)$$

$$"V \rightarrow (G \rightarrow V)"$$

$$\Leftrightarrow "G \rightarrow (V \rightarrow V)" \Leftrightarrow \text{RHS.} //$$

$$\text{If } C = \mathbb{C}, H = K \text{ (max. cpt.)}$$

$$V = \mathbb{1}$$

there's Satake isom.

$$H_G^{\mathbb{C}}(\mathbb{1}) \xrightarrow{\cong} H_T^{\mathbb{C}}(\mathbb{1}) \quad w = s_n \quad \lfloor 5$$

$$\varphi \longmapsto (t \longmapsto$$

$$\underbrace{\delta(t)^{-1/2}}_{\substack{\text{modulus} \\ \in p^{\mathbb{Z}}}} \cdot \sum_{(U \cap K) \setminus U} \varphi(ut)$$

Back to \mathbb{C} of char. p.

$$H = K = GL_n(U_F).$$

Mod p Satake

$V \dots$ Serre weight $\rightarrow \Gamma$

Fact $V_{U_n K}$ (co-invs). $\cong V^{\bar{U}_n K} \in \mathcal{G}$
 \uparrow
 $T_n K$
 is 1-dim. (an irrep. of $T_n K$).

$$\bar{U} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & 0 \\ & \ddots & \\ * & & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Write $P_U: V \rightarrow V_{U_n K}$

Satake:

$$\int^G: \mathcal{H}_G(V) \rightarrow \mathcal{H}_T(V_{U_n K})$$

$$\varphi \mapsto (t \mapsto \sum_{(U_n K) \setminus U} P_U \circ \varphi(ut))$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & \underbrace{\hspace{10em}} \\ & & V \longrightarrow V_{U_n K} \\ P_U \downarrow & & \nearrow \\ & & V_{U_n K} \end{array}$$

Let $T^+ := \{(x, y) : \text{val}(x) \geq \text{val}(y)\}$

Thm. (H.)

\int^G is an inj. alg. homo.

with image $\mathcal{H}_T^+ := \{\psi \in \mathcal{H}_T : \text{supp } \psi \subset T^+\}$

Idea (n=2):

① \int^G is alg. homo.

② Cartan: $G = \bigsqcup_{a \geq b} K(\varpi^a \varpi^b)K$
(in \mathbb{Z})

Show:

$\forall a \geq b \exists! \varphi_{a,b} \in \mathcal{H}_G$ s.t.

• $\text{supp } \varphi_{a,b} = K \begin{pmatrix} \varpi^a & \\ & \varpi^b \end{pmatrix} K$

• $\varphi_{a,b} \begin{pmatrix} \varpi^a & \\ & \varpi^b \end{pmatrix} \in \text{End}_C(V)$

idempotent (= proj.)

$\Rightarrow \mathcal{H}_G = \bigoplus_{a \geq b} \mathbb{C} \cdot \varphi_{a,b}$ \mathbb{C} -basis.

Easier: $T = \bigsqcup_{a,b \in \mathbb{Z}} (T \cap K) \begin{pmatrix} \varpi^a & \\ & \varpi^b \end{pmatrix}$

$\mathcal{H}_T = \bigoplus_{a,b} \mathbb{C} \cdot \varphi_{a,b}$

$\mathcal{H}_T^+ = \bigoplus_{a \geq b} \mathbb{C} \cdot \varphi_{a,b}$

② Show $S^G(\mathcal{H}_G) \subset \mathcal{H}_T^+$

③ Triangular arg.

$$S^G(\psi_{a,b}) = \psi_{a,b} + \sum_{\substack{a > a' (> b') \\ a+b = a'+b' \\ (\text{fin.})}} C \cdot \psi_{a',b'}$$

Cor: $\mathcal{H}_G(V)$ is comm.

If π any adm G -rep,
 V Serre weight

$$\text{Hom}_K(V, \pi) = \text{Hom}_K(V, \pi^{k_i})$$



f.d.

$\mathcal{H}_G(V)$ comm.

$= \bigoplus$ (gen. eigenspaces)

Lemma: If $\theta: T \rightarrow C^x$ (sm.),

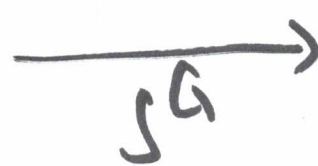
then actions

$$\text{Hom}_K(V, \text{Ind}_B^G \theta) \cong \text{Hom}_{T \times K}(V_{\text{Inv}K}, \theta)$$

Frob.



$\mathcal{H}_G(V)$



$\mathcal{H}_T(V_{\text{Inv}K})$

$\psi_{1,0}$



$\psi_{1,0}$

□

Cor. 1: $\text{Ind}_B^G \theta \cong \text{Ind}_B^G \theta'$
 $\implies \theta = \theta'$

(compare V 's + Hecke evals.)

Cor. 2: $\psi_{1,0} \stackrel{\text{"T"}}{=} \in \mathcal{H}_G(V)$
 acts invertibly on $\text{Hom}_K(V, \text{Ind}_B^G \rho)$

(point: $S^G(\psi_{1,0}) = \psi_{1,0}$
 invt. in \mathcal{H}_T)

Def.: An irred. adm. rep. π of G
 is supersingular if $\psi_{1,0}$ acts
 nilpotently on $\text{Hom}_K(V, \pi) \forall V$
 (\Leftrightarrow eval 0).

Suppose π irred. sm. rep. of G .

Pick $V \subset \pi|_K$.

$\Rightarrow \text{Hom}_K(V, \pi|_K)$ contains

an $\mathcal{H}_G(V)$ -eigenspace.

evals: $\chi: \mathcal{H}_G(V) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ $f: V \rightarrow \pi|_K$

\Rightarrow Frob $c\text{-Ind}_K^G V \twoheadrightarrow \pi$ (surj. as π irred)

$$\uparrow$$

$$\psi = \chi(\psi)$$

$\Rightarrow c\text{-Ind}_K^G V \otimes_{\mathcal{H}_G(V), \chi} \mathbb{C} \twoheadrightarrow \pi$

(G -lin.)

If π is s.s., $\chi(\psi_{1,0}) = 0$.

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Thm. (Breuil, 2003)

If $G = \mathrm{GL}_2(\mathbb{Q}_p)$, then

$$A \vee A \vee X, \quad \chi(\varphi, \rho) = 0,$$

$\mathrm{ind}_K^G V \otimes_{\mathcal{O}_K(V), X} C$ is irred.
+ adm.

\leadsto classify irred. ss. reps.
of $\mathrm{GL}_2(\mathbb{Q}_p)$.

Thm. (H.)

If $P = P_{n_1, \dots, n_r}$ and

σ_i irred. adm. rep. of $GL_{n_i}(F)$

$\forall i$:

(a) σ_i ss. and $n_i > 1$, or
gen. Steinberg

(b) $\sigma_i = \text{Sp} Q_i \otimes (\eta_i \otimes \det)$

$\left(\begin{array}{l} Q_i \in GL_{n_i}(F) \\ \eta_i: F^\times \rightarrow C^\times \text{ sm.} \end{array} \right)$

and $\eta_i \neq \eta_{i+1}$ (if σ_i, σ_{i+1} of type (b))

$\Rightarrow \text{Ind}_P^G (\sigma_1 \otimes \dots \otimes \sigma_r)$ irred. adm.