

$X_{\infty}^{-}(1) \leftarrow$ how to construct elts. ①

$$F_r = \mathbb{Q}(\mu_{p^r}), \quad S = \{\text{primes } |p|\}$$
$$= \{(1 - \mathfrak{p}_{p^r})\}$$

$g_r = G_{F_r, S} =$ Galois grp. of
max'l S -ramified
extn.

$$\mathcal{O}_r = \mathcal{O}_{F_r, S} = \mathbb{Z}[\mu_{p^r}, \frac{1}{p}]$$

$$A_r = \text{Cl}_{F_r} \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{Z}_p.$$

Kummer theory:

$$B_r = \{a \in F_r^{\times} \mid a \mathcal{O}_r = \sigma^{p^r}, \sigma \in \mathcal{O}_r \text{ ideal}\}$$

$$H^1(g_r, \mu_{p^r}) = B_r / F^{\times p^r}$$

$$0 \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_r^x / \mathcal{O}_r^{x p^r} \rightarrow H^1(\mathfrak{g}_r, \mathcal{M}_{p^r}) \quad (2)$$

$$\rightarrow A_r[p^r] \rightarrow 0.$$

$$H^2(\mathfrak{g}_r, \mathcal{M}_{p^r}) \cong A_r / p^r A_r.$$

Cup products

$$H^1(\mathfrak{g}_r, \mathcal{M}_{p^r}) \otimes H^1(\mathfrak{g}_r, \mathcal{M}_{p^r})$$

$$\xrightarrow{\cup} H^2(\mathfrak{g}_r, \mathcal{M}_{p^r}^{\otimes 2})$$

$$\cong H^2(\mathfrak{g}_r, \mathcal{M}_{p^r}) \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathcal{M}_{p^r}$$

$$\rightsquigarrow (\cdot, \cdot)_r : \mathcal{O}_r^x \times \mathcal{O}_r^x \rightarrow A_r \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathcal{M}_{p^r}$$

Theorem (McCallum-S.) ③

Let $a, b \in \mathcal{O}_r^\times$. Let $E_r = F_r(\sqrt[r]{a})$,
 $G = \text{Gal}(E_r/F_r)$. Write

$b = N_{E_r/F_r} y$, $y \in \mathcal{O}_{E_r, S}^\times = \mathbb{Z}^{1-s}$
where $\mathbb{Z} \subset \mathcal{O}_{E_r, S}$ ideal, $\sigma \in G$.

Then $(a, b)_r = [N_{E_r/F_r} \mathbb{Z}] \otimes \frac{\sigma(\sqrt[r]{a})}{\sqrt[r]{a}}$

Cor $(a, 1-a)_r = 0$ if

$a, 1-a \in \mathcal{O}_r^\times$.

Proof: $1-a = N_{E_r/F_r} (1 - \sqrt[r]{a})$.
 \uparrow
 $\mathcal{O}_{E_r, S}^\times$

Ex $\zeta = \zeta_p$ 1) $\zeta^a + (1 - \zeta^a) = 1$ ⁽⁴⁾

2) $\frac{\zeta^{a+1} - 1}{\zeta^{a+b} - 1} \pm \zeta^a \frac{\zeta^{b+1} - 1}{\zeta^{a+b} - 1} = 1$

3) in blue

Remark In all known cases

w/ $p \nmid \frac{B_k}{k}$, $A_1^{(1-k)} \otimes M_p \cong \mathbb{F}_p(2-k)$

$\Delta = \text{Gal}(F_1/\mathbb{Q})$

up to nonzero scalar

McCallum-S.: For $p < 25,000$

$k < p$ w/ $p \nmid B_k$ \exists a unique nonzero pairing $\mathcal{O}^{\times} \times \mathcal{O}_1^{\times} \rightarrow \mathbb{F}_p(2-k)$

That is bilinear, antisymm., Galois-equivar. & "satisfies \exists ".

Conj $C_r =$ cyclotomic p -units $\textcircled{5}$
in \mathcal{O}_r^\times .

$$C_r \otimes C_r \xrightarrow{(\cdot)_r} A_r^- \otimes \mu_{p^r}$$

is surjective.

Uses:

1) Relations in max'l pro- p quotient of \mathcal{G}_r .

2) p -parts of class groups over p -ramified Kummer extensions of F_r .

First: $\cdot H^1(\mathcal{G}_r, \mathbb{Z}_p(1)) \cong \mathcal{O}_r^\times \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{Z}_p$

$\cdot H^2(\mathcal{G}_r, \mathbb{Z}_p(1)) \cong A_r$.

Note: $H^2(\mathcal{G}_r, \mathbb{Z}_p(2)) \not\cong_{\text{in gen.}} A_r \otimes \mathbb{Z}_p(1)$

Iwasawa cohomology: (6)

T compact $\mathbb{Z}_p[[G_{\mathbb{Q}_S}]]$ -module.

$$H_{Iw}^i(F_{\infty}, \mathbb{Z}_p(i)) = \varprojlim_{\text{cor}} H^i(G_{F_n/S}, T)$$

These are $\hat{\Lambda} = \mathbb{Z}_p[[\tilde{\Gamma}]]$,

$\tilde{\Gamma} = \text{Gal}(F_{\infty}/\mathbb{Q})$ -modules.

$$\underline{\text{Ex}} \quad H_{Iw}^1(F_{\infty}, \mathbb{Z}_p(i)) \cong \Sigma_p = \varprojlim \mathcal{O}_V^{\times} \otimes \mathbb{Z}_p$$

$$H_{Iw}^2(F_{\infty}, \mathbb{Z}_p(i)) \cong \begin{matrix} X_{\infty} \\ (2) \\ X_{\infty}(1) \end{matrix}$$

$$H_{Iw}^2(F_{\infty}, \mathbb{Z}_p(i)) \Gamma^{p^{r-1}} \cong \mathcal{O}_V^{\times} \\ H_{Iw}^2(g_r, \mathbb{Z}_p(i))$$

Cup prods.

(7)

$$H^1(g_{r+1}, Z_p(1)) \times H^1(g_{r+1}, Z_p(1)) \rightarrow H^2(g_{r+1}, Z_p(2))$$

$\downarrow \text{Cor}$

$\uparrow \text{Res}$

$\downarrow \text{Cor}$

$$H^1(g_r, Z_p(1)) \times H^1(g_r, Z_p(1)) \rightarrow H^2(g_r, Z_p(2))$$

$$(\text{Cor } x, y) = \text{Cor}(x, \text{Res } y).$$

$$\rightsquigarrow (,)_\infty : \widehat{\mathcal{O}_\infty^x} \times \mathcal{E}_\infty \rightarrow X_\infty(1)$$

$$\mathcal{O}_\infty = \bigcup \mathcal{O}_r \quad \widehat{\mathcal{O}_\infty^x} = \varprojlim \mathcal{O}_r^x / \mathcal{O}_r^{x, p^r}$$

$$X_\infty(1)^+ = X_\infty(1)^-$$

Given an abelian p -ramified⁸
 extn. M_{∞}/F_{∞} Galois / \mathbb{Q} ,
 $G = \text{Gal}(M_{\infty}/F_{\infty})$.

(Ex $G = \mathbb{Z}_p$; $M_{\infty} = F(\sqrt[p]{p})$)

I_G augmentation ideal in
 $\mathbb{Z}_p[[G]]$

ex. seq.

$$0 \rightarrow G \rightarrow \frac{\mathbb{Z}_p[[G]]}{I_G^2} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_p \rightarrow 0$$

$$g \longmapsto g-1$$

$$g \longmapsto 1$$

$$\rightsquigarrow H_{I_{\infty}}^1(F_{\infty}, \mathbb{Z}_p(1)) \xrightarrow{\partial} H_{I_{\infty}}^2(F_{\infty}, G(1)) \\ \cong H_{I_{\infty}}^2(F_{\infty}, \mathbb{Z}_p(1)) \hat{\otimes}_{\mathbb{Z}_p} G.$$

S-reciprocity map

⑨

$$\Phi_{M_n/F_n} : \mathcal{E}_n \rightarrow \chi_n \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} G.$$

Lemma If $\chi_a : G \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_p^{(1)}$,
 $\left(\frac{\sigma(P^n a)}{P^n a} = \chi(\sigma) \right) \quad a \in \hat{\mathcal{O}}_n^{\times}$,

Then $(1 \otimes \chi_a) \circ \Phi_{M_n/F_n}(b)$
 $= (a, b)_n$ for $b \in \mathcal{E}_n$.

What is the structure of (10)

$X_{M_{\infty}}$ = unram. Iwasawa module / M_{∞} .

\Downarrow

$X'_{M_{\infty}}$ = completely split Iwasawa module

= max'l quot. in which all primes $l \neq p$ split completely.

$$0 \rightarrow X'_{M_{\infty}} / I_G X'_{M_{\infty}} \rightarrow X_{\infty} \rightarrow G^{ur} \rightarrow 0$$

G^{ur} = Galois gp. of max'l unram. subextn. of M_{∞}/F_{∞} .

Thm (S.) \exists exact seq. of $\textcircled{11}$
 $\widetilde{\Lambda}$ -mods.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 0 \rightarrow \mathbb{I}_G X'_{M_\infty} & \rightarrow & X_\infty \otimes G \\
 \mathbb{I}_G^2 X'_{M_\infty} & & \mathbb{F}_{M_\infty}/\mathbb{F}_0(\epsilon_n) \\
 \rightarrow (G^{\text{un}})^{\otimes 2} & \rightarrow & 0.
 \end{array}$$

Ex $M_\infty = \mathbb{F}_p(\sqrt[p]{p})$

$p=37$. $A_F = A_F^{(15)} \cong \mathbb{F}_p$

$\rightsquigarrow X_\infty^{(15)} \cong \mathbb{Z}_p$.

$\chi_p : G \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathbb{Z}_p(1)$

\uparrow tot. ramified at p

(12)

$$X'_{M_n} / I_G X'_{M_n} \cong X_\infty.$$

$$\frac{I_G X'_{M_n}}{I_G^2 X'_{M_n}} \cong \frac{X_\infty(1)}{\langle (p, 1-s)_n \rangle}$$

$$1-s = (1-s_{p^r})_r$$

$$(p, 1-s_p)_1 \neq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow I_G X'_{M_n} = 0,$$

$$\Rightarrow I_G X_{M_n} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow X_{M_n} \cong (X_{M_n})_G \cong X_\infty$$

$$X_{M_n} \cong \mathbb{Z}_p$$

$$\underline{A_{\mathbb{Q}}(\mu_{37}, \sqrt[3]{37}) \cong \mathbb{Z}/37\mathbb{Z}} \quad (13)$$